Dental Library Orientation

Start at [http://www.grcc.edu/library](http://www.grcc.edu/library) and select [Subject Guides] and [Dental Programs.]

*** Search for an e-book. ***

Use [RaiderSearch Library Catalog] to run a KEYWORD search for the word **dentistry OR dental**. Then click [Modify Search] and limit your results to **MATERIAL type = e-books**. You will be assigned an e-book title number to answer this citation question: (25 points)

Title #: _______  Author: ____________________________________________  Copyright Date: __________

Title: ________________________________________________________________

Publisher: _____________________________________________________________  Place of Publication: __________________________

*** Search for content in real reference books. ***

2. From the [Dental Programs Databases] box, select [CREDO Reference] and search for a dental term or disease in *real* medical reference books. Be sure to limit your results by SUBJECT using the HEALTH & MEDICINE option: (25 points)

Term searched: ____________________________________________  #entries when limited to HEALTH & MEDICINE: __________

Title of the Article / Entry: __________________________

Book Title in which the entry was found: __________________________

Book Copyright Date: Email full-text article with an APA citation to yourself and initial here: _______

*** Create a Journal Alert ***

3. From the [Dental Programs Databases] box, select [Dentistry & Oral Sciences Source]. Click the [Sign-in] feature and create an EBSCOhost account. Then, click [Publications] on the toolbar, and select one of the following titles: Dental Assistant; Access (DH); RDH, or, the Journal of Dental Hygiene. Click [Share], then create an [Email Alert]. Use the HTML and Link to individual articles options before saving the alert. Initial here when done: ________  (5 points)

*** Search for a full-text dental article in a professional database. ***

4. Continue to use the [Dentistry & Oral Sciences Source] database. Click the [Subjects] link on the blue toolbar and type your dental search topic in the Browsing search bar. Select a term by using the check box, and then click [Add] to enter it into the Search box above, and click [Search]. Limit your results to: **Full-text** [English language] articles in published from 2013 to the present. Select one full-text article and report: (45 points)

Term searched: ____________________________  Circle ONE: I chose a JOURNAL; TRADE PUB; MAGAZINE.

Title of full-text Article: __________________________________________________________

Title of Periodical /Source in which it appears: ______________________________________

First Author of article: ___________________________________________________________; Volume #: _____  Issue #: _______

Issue Date: ______________  Article page #: ___________  Email article with APA cite to yourself and initial: _______
Periodical Categories

JOURNALS
1. Report original research, discoveries or experimentation
2. Are written by, and for, scholars and researchers in the field, and aimed at scholarly readers such as professors, scientists, and advanced students
3. Use terminology, jargon and the language of the discipline
4. Cite sources and provide footnotes and/or bibliographies
5. Often reviewed for accuracy by an editor or specialist in the field
6. Often contain graphs, statistics, case studies
7. Often published by academic and/or association presses
8. Contain very selective advertising, usually publishers focused on specialized clientele
9. Attribute authorship to one or many persons
10. Examples: Journal of American History, Alcohol & Alcoholism, American Literature

PROFESSIONAL/TRADE MAGAZINES
1. Focus on a specific profession or industry
2. Articles are written for professional or trade-associated audiences by scholars, freelance writers, or magazine staff
3. Use terminology, jargon and the language of the discipline
4. Are published by professional or trade associations
5. Articles occasionally cite sources
6. Articles may include photographs, illustrations, industry-specific statistics, and information
7. Contains advertising usually focused on specialized clientele of the reader
8. Examples: Police Chief, American City & County, Modern Machine Shop

NEWS/GENERAL INTEREST MAGAZINES
1. Articles provide general information to a wide, interested audience
2. Articles are written for an educated, general audience either by the magazine’s staff, a scholar, or free-lance writers
3. Include photographs, illustrations and graphics to enhance appeal.
4. Are generally published by commercial enterprises for profit
5. Use language appropriate for an educated readership. They do not emphasize a specialty but do assume a certain level of intelligence
6. Occasionally cite sources, but this is the exception not the rule
7. Contain advertising
8. Generally are published by commercial enterprises for profit

POPULAR MAGAZINES
1. Articles are written and designed to entertain or persuade
2. Articles are usually written for a general audience
3. Articles tend to be short
4. Use simple language in order to meet a minimum education level
5. Articles rarely cite sources or contain a bibliography
6. Are published by commercial, for-profit presses
7. Contain photographs and illustrations to enhance appeal
8. May contain extensive advertising
9. Examples: Reader’s Digest, People Weekly, GQ, Vogue, Sports Illustrated

NEWSPAPERS
1. Articles are written and designed to entertain, persuade or inform
2. Local newspapers are usually written for a general audience with a minimal reading level, while subject newspapers are usually written for an audience with a much higher reading level
3. Articles rarely cite sources or contain a bibliography
4. Frequently general articles are unsigned / anonymous
5. Contain photos and illustrations to enhance appeal, with extensive advertising
6. Usually published on large sheets of newsprint
7. Issues are often published daily or weekly – being up-to-date is the goal